

Package: sdmxdata (via r-universe)

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Title Open Data SDMX API Client

Version 0.2.9000

Description The data and meta data from various statistical agencies such as OECD and Statistics Netherlands can be browsed and downloaded. The client uses the open data SDMX API of Statistics Netherlands.

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as.data.frame.sdmx_v2_1_data_request

Transform a SDMX data request into a data.frame

Description

Retrieve data from an sdmx api and return it as a data.frame

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'sdmx_v2_1_data_request'
as.data.frame(x, row.names = NULL, optional = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

x	An <code>sdmx_v2_1_data_request()</code> object
row.names	Not used
optional	Not used
...	reserved for future use

Value

a data.frame

Examples

```
if (interactive()){
  dfs <- list_dataflows()

  flowRef <- paste0(dfs[2, c("agencyID", "id", "version")], sep=",")

  # json
```

```
d <-  
  sdmx_v2_1_data_request(flowRef = flowRef) |>  
  as.data.frame()  
  
}
```

```
as.data.table.sdmx_v2_1_data_request  
  Get data from a SDMX API
```

Description

Retrieve data from an sdmx api and return it as a data.frame

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'sdmx_v2_1_data_request'  
as.data.table(x, keep.rownames = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

x	An httr2 request object
keep.rownames	logical, not used
...	reserved for future use

Value

data.table

Examples

```
if (interactive()){  
  dfs <- list_dataflows()  
  
  flowRef <- paste0(dfs[2, c("agencyID", "id", "version")], sep=",")  
  
  # json  
  d <-  
    sdmx_v2_1_data_request(flowRef = flowRef) |>  
    as.data.frame()  
  
}
```

data_request_from_url *Create a data request from a URL*

Description

This function creates a data request from a URL that contains the necessary parameters for an SDMX data request. Note that this is a raw request. Most users are better off using [get_observations_from_url\(\)](#) instead.

Usage

```
data_request_from_url(url, ..., verbose = FALSE)
```

Arguments

url	A URL that contains the parameters for the data request, including flowRef.
...	Additional parameters to be passed to the data request.
verbose	If TRUE, print information about the request.

Value

An object of class [sdmx_v2_1_data_request\(\)](#) that can be used to retrieve data.

Examples

```
# create a data request object from a URL
url <- "https://sdmx.oecd.org/public/rest/data/OECD.TAD.ARP,DSD_FISH_PROD@DF_FISH_AQUA,1.0/.A...T.T?startPeriod

# it does not execute the request, it just creates the request object
req <- data_request_from_url(url, verbose = TRUE)

# this is the raw csv output of the SDMX data request
# most users are better off using `get_observations_from_url()`
d <- req |> as.data.frame()
head(d)
```

download_to *Download the response of a request to a file*

Description

Download the response of a request to a file

Usage

```
download_to(x, destfile, ...)
```

Arguments

x	An httr2 request object
destfile	A character string with the path to the file to save the response
...	saved for future use

Details

Download the response of a request to a file, but allows for different format specifications e.g. csv, json, xml

endpoints	<i>Endpoints with sdmx data</i>
-----------	---------------------------------

Description

A data.frame with several endpoints for sdmx data

Usage

```
endpoints
```

Format

A data.frame with columns:

- id - the id of the endpoint
- name - the name of agency of the endpoint
- url - the url of the endpoint
- language - the default language of the endpoint

Examples

```
data("endpoints")
endpoints[, 1:3]

OECD <- get_endpoint("OECD")
OECD$verbose <- TRUE
list_oecd <- OECD |> list_dataflows(cache=TRUE)
```

get_data

*Retrieve data from a SDMX data API***Description**

Retrieve data from an SDMX data API. The function retrieves data from the SDMX data API and returns it as a data.frame.

Usage

```
get_data(
  endpoint = NULL,
  agencyID,
  id,
  version = "latest",
  ref = NULL,
  startPeriod = NULL,
  endPeriod = NULL,
  filter_on = list(),
  ...,
  dim_contents = c("label", "both", "id"),
  obs_value_numeric = TRUE,
  raw = FALSE,
  language = NULL,
  cache = TRUE,
  pivot = NULL,
  verbose = getOption("sdmxdata.verbose", FALSE)
)
```

Arguments

endpoint	An endpoint, url or <code>httr2::request()</code> object.
agencyID	The agency ID
id	The id of the dataflow
version	The version of the dataflow, default "latest"
ref	The dataflow reference can be used in stead of agencyID, id and version
startPeriod	The start period for which the data should be returned, works only for dataflows with an explicit time dimension.
endPeriod	The end period for which the data should be returned, works only for dataflows with an explicit time dimension.
filter_on	A named list of filters to apply to the data, if not specified or <code>list()</code> , it is the default selection, set to NULL to select all.
...	Additional parameters to pass to the request
dim_contents	The contents of the dimension columns, either "label", "id" or "both"

obs_value_numeric	Should the OBS_VALUE column be coerced to numeric? Default is TRUE
raw	If TRUE return the raw data.frame from the SDMX, otherwise the data.frame is processed
language	The language of the metadata
cache	if TRUE cache the accompanying meta data.
pivot	character The name of the column to pivot the data on. If NULL (default) the data is returned in a long format.
verbose	If TRUE print information about the request

Details

get_data is similar to [get_observations\(\)](#), but it differs in two aspects:

- it returns only data columns, no attribute columns
- it can pivot the observations, i.e. it can return the data in a wide format, which is useful feature when the data has multiple measures or when the data is to presented as a time series.

Value

a data.frame

See Also

Other retrieve data: [get_observations\(\)](#), [get_observations_from_url\(\)](#)

get_dataflow_structure

Get information about a dataflow

Description

Get information and structure about a dataflow. The dataflow can be identified using agencyID, id and version or by using the ref argument.

Usage

```
get_dataflow_structure(  
  endpoint = NULL,  
  agencyID = getOption("sdmxdata.agencyID", NULL),  
  id,  
  version = "latest",  
  ref,  
  language = getOption("sdmxdata.language"),  
  cache = TRUE,  
  verbose = getOption("sdmxdata.verbose", FALSE)  
)
```

Arguments

endpoint	An endpoint or an object that can be coerced to an SDMXEndpoint
agencyID	The agency ID of the dataflow
id	The id of the dataflow
version	The version of the dataflow, defaults to "latest"
ref	A string with the flow reference, in the form of "agencyID:id(version)". Overrules the agencyID, id and version arguments.
language	The language of the metadata
cache	logical, if TRUE cache the metadata
verbose	print some information on the console

Details

For most use cases the agencyID and id are to be preferred, as the ref argument includes a specific version number of the dataflow. Not specifying a version number will default to the latest version. If it is desirable to pin the reference of the dataflow to a specific version, the ref argument can be used. The ref argument can also be found in [list_dataflows\(\)](#).

Value

a list with the dataflow information

get_endpoint	<i>Connect to a SDMX endpoint</i>
--------------	-----------------------------------

Description

Connect to an SDMX endpoint

Usage

```
get_endpoint(id, language = NULL, singleton = TRUE, verbose = FALSE)
```

Arguments

id	character, id of one of the available endpoints.
language	character, the language to use for the text used in the response.
singleton	logical, if TRUE return the same object if it already exists
verbose	logical, if TRUE print information about the dataflows.

Value

a SDMXEndpoint object

See Also

Other SDMX endpoints: [SDMXEndpoint](#), [sdmx_endpoint\(\)](#)

Examples

```
data("endpoints")
endpoints[, 1:3]

OECD <- get_endpoint("OECD")
OECD$verbose <- TRUE
list_oecd <- OECD |> list_dataflows(cache=TRUE)
```

get_observations	<i>Get observations from an SDMX provider</i>
------------------	---

Description

Get observations from an SDMX provider. It retrieves the data from the SDMX provider and returns it as a `data.frame`.

Usage

```
get_observations(
  endpoint = NULL,
  agencyID,
  id,
  version = "latest",
  ref = NULL,
  startPeriod = NULL,
  endPeriod = NULL,
  filter_on = list(),
  use_factor = TRUE,
  ...,
  language = NULL,
  as.data.table = FALSE,
  dim_contents = c("label", "both", "id"),
  attributes_contents = c("label", "id", "both"),
  obs_value_numeric = TRUE,
  raw = FALSE,
  drop_first_columns = !raw,
  cache = TRUE,
  verbose = getOption("sdmxdata.verbose", FALSE)
)
```

Arguments

endpoint	An endpoint, url or <code>httr2::request()</code> object.
agencyID	The agency ID
id	The id of the dataflow
version	The version of the dataflow, default "latest"
ref	The dataflow reference can be used in stead of agencyID, id and version
startPeriod	The start period for which the data should be returned, works only for dataflows with an explicit time dimension.
endPeriod	The end period for which the data should be returned, works only for dataflows with an explicit time dimension.
filter_on	A named list of filters to apply to the data, if not specified or <code>list()</code> , it is the default selection, set to NULL to select all.
use_factor	if TRUE then dimension and attributes columns are factors, otherwise character
...	Additional parameters to pass to the request
language	The language of the metadata
as.data.table	If TRUE return a <code>data.table::data.table()</code> , otherwise a <code>data.frame()</code>
dim_contents	The contents of the dimension columns, either "label", "id" or "both"
attributes_contents	The contents of the attribute columns, either "label", "id" or "both"
obs_value_numeric	Should the OBS_VALUE column be coerced to numeric? Default is TRUE
raw	If TRUE return the raw data.frame from the SDMX, otherwise the data.frame is processed
drop_first_columns	Should the first columns be dropped? Default is TRUE (if not raw)
cache	if TRUE cache the accompanying meta data.
verbose	If TRUE print information about the request

Details

By default the dimension and attribute columns are recoded to factors with labels. This can be changed with the `dim_contents` and `attributes_contents` arguments.

Value

`data.frame()` or `data.table::data.table()` depending on `as.data.table`

See Also

Other retrieve data: `get_data()`, `get_observations_from_url()`

Examples

```
dfs <- list_dataflows()
ref <- dfs$ref[4]

dfs <- list_dataflows()
ref <- dfs$ref[4]

obs <- get_observations(
  ref = ref,
  filter_on = list(
    "Perioden" = c("2009JJ00")
  ),
  verbose = TRUE
)

obs
```

`get_observations_from_url`*Get observations using a data-explorer url*

Description

Retrieve observations using the url from the data-explorer. The url given will be parsed and translated into a `get_observations()` call, to get you started. The call will be printed to the console or can be retrieved by settings `return_query = TRUE`.

Usage

```
get_observations_from_url(url, return_query = FALSE, verbose = FALSE)
```

Arguments

<code>url</code>	character, the REST 2.1 url retrieved from an external source
<code>return_query</code>	logical, if TRUE return the query object instead of the observation
<code>verbose</code>	logical, if TRUE print information about the query

Value

when `return_query = FALSE` a data.frame with the observations, i.e. same output as `get_observations()`. Otherwise a list with the query object and the parameters

See Also

Other retrieve data: `get_data()`, `get_observations()`

Examples

```
# retrieve an external url pointing to sdmx data

url <-
  "https://sdmx.oecd.org/public/rest/data/OECD.TAD.ARP,DSD_FISH_PROD@DF_FISH_AQUA,1.0/.A.._T.T?startPeriod=2010"

obs <- get_observations_from_url(url)
head(obs)

query <- get_observations_from_url(url, return_query = TRUE)
query
```

list_agencies	<i>list the agencies of an endpoint</i>
---------------	---

Description

list the agencies of an endpoint

Usage

```
list_agencies(
  endpoint = NULL,
  language = NULL,
  raw = FALSE,
  cache = TRUE,
  verbose = getOption("sdmxdata.verbose", FALSE)
)
```

Arguments

endpoint	an endpoint, url or an <code>httr2::request()</code> object.
language	the language to return the data in.
raw	if TRUE return the raw data.
cache	if TRUE cache the list of agencies.
verbose	if TRUE print information about the caching.

list_categoryschemas *Get sdmx category schemes*

Description

Get sdmx categoryschemas from a given endpoint.

Usage

```
list_categoryschemas(  
  endpoint = NULL,  
  agencyID = NULL,  
  ...,  
  language = "nl",  
  cache = TRUE,  
  raw = FALSE,  
  verbose = getOption("sdmxdata.verbose", FALSE)  
)
```

Arguments

endpoint	an endpoint, url or <code>httr2::request()</code> object.
agencyID	A character string from a given agencyID.
...	saved for future use.
language	The language to use for the text used in the response.
cache	if TRUE cache the result.
raw	If TRUE return the raw data from the SDMX, otherwise the data is processed.
verbose	if TRUE print information about the dataflows.

Value

a data.frame with available dataflows

Examples

```
dfs <- list_dataflows(verbose = TRUE)  
  
head(dfs)
```

list_dataflows	<i>List available sdmx dataflows</i>
----------------	--------------------------------------

Description

List the sdmx dataflows from a given endpoint.

Usage

```
list_dataflows(  
  endpoint = NULL,  
  agencyID = NULL,  
  ...,  
  language = NULL,  
  cache = TRUE,  
  raw = FALSE,  
  verbose = getOption("sdmxdata.verbose", FALSE)  
)
```

Arguments

endpoint	A character string or endpoint for a given endpoint.
agencyID	A character string from a given agencyID.
...	saved for future use.
language	The language to use for the text used in the response.
cache	if TRUE cache the list of dataflows
raw	If TRUE return the raw data from the SDMX, otherwise the data is processed.
verbose	if TRUE print information about the dataflows.

Value

a data.frame with available dataflows

Examples

```
dfs <- list_dataflows(verbose = TRUE)  
  
head(dfs)
```

sdmx_endpoint	<i>Create a new SDMX endpoint</i>
---------------	-----------------------------------

Description

Create an endpoint from an url or httr2 request object

Usage

```
sdmx_endpoint(x, ...)  
  
## S3 method for class 'character'  
sdmx_endpoint(  
  x,  
  id = gsub("\\W+", "_", x),  
  name = x,  
  language = NULL,  
  cache_dir = file.path(tempdir(), "sdmxdata", id),  
  verbose = getOption("sdmxdata.verbose", FALSE),  
  ...  
)  
  
## S3 method for class 'httr2_request'  
sdmx_endpoint(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x	An endpoint or an httr2 request object
...	saved for future use
id	character, the id of the endpoint
name	character, the name of the endpoint
language	character, the language to use for the text used in the response
cache_dir	character, the directory to cache the metadata in
verbose	logical, if TRUE print information on the connection

Value

a [SDMXEndpoint](#) object

See Also

Other SDMX endpoints: [SDMXEndpoint](#), [get_endpoint\(\)](#)

 sdmx_v2_1_data_request

Request SDMX data using the SDMX REST API v2.1

Description

sdmx_v2_1_data_request is a wrapper around the smdx rest api v2.1 and is used to retrieve data from the api.

Usage

```
sdmx_v2_1_data_request(
  endpoint = NULL,
  resource = c("data", "metadata"),
  flowRef = NULL,
  key = NULL,
  providerRef = NULL,
  ...,
  startPeriod = NULL,
  endPeriod = NULL,
  updatedAfter = NULL,
  firstNObservations = NULL,
  lastNObservations = NULL,
  dimensionAtObservation = NULL,
  detail = c("full", "dataonly", "serieskeyonly", "nodata"),
  includeHistory = NULL,
  labels = c("both", "id")
)
```

Arguments

endpoint	An endpoint or an object that can be coerced to an endpoint
resource	The resource to request. Either "data" or "metadata"
flowRef	The flow reference to request, see details
key	The key to request, see details
providerRef	The provider reference to request, see details
...	Additional parameters to pass to the request
startPeriod	The start period for which the data should be returned
endPeriod	The end period for which the data should be returned
updatedAfter	Only return data that has been updated after this date
firstNObservations	Only return the first n observations
lastNObservations	Only return the last n observations

dimensionAtObservation	The dimensions of the observations should be returned
detail	The detail of the data to return. Either "full", "dataonly", "serieskeyonly" or "nodata"
includeHistory	Include the different versions of the data
labels	Include the labels in the data, only valid when format is "csv"

Value

a modified `httr2::request()` object

sdmx_v2_1_structure_request

Retrieve sdmx structure

Description

Wrapper for the SDMX REST v2.1 interface for structured information

Usage

```
sdmx_v2_1_structure_request(
  endpoint = NULL,
  resource = "dataflow",
  agencyID = NULL,
  resourceID = NULL,
  version = NULL,
  itemID = NULL,
  format = c("json", "xml"),
  language = NULL,
  ...,
  detail = c("full", "allstubs", "referencestubs", "allcompletestubs",
            "referencecompletestubs", "referencepartial"),
  references = c("none", "parents", "parentsandsiblings", "children", "descendants",
               "all")
)
```

Arguments

endpoint	An endpoint or an object that can be coerced to an endpoint
resource	The resource to request. One of "datastructure", "metadatastructure", "categoryscheme", "conceptscheme", "codelist", "hierarchicalcodelist", "organisation-scheme", "agencyscheme", "dataproviderscheme", "dataconsumerscheme", "or-ganisationunitscheme", "dataflow", "metadataflow", "reportingtaxonomy", "pro- visionagreement", "structureset", "process", "categorisation", "contentconstraint", "attachmentconstraint", "actualconstraint", "allowedconstraint", "structure", "trans- formationscheme", "rulesetscheme", "userdefinedoperatorscheme", "customtype- scheme", "namepersonalisationscheme", "vtl mappingscheme"

agencyID	The agency ID to request
resourceID	The resource ID to request
version	The version to request
itemID	The item ID to request
format	The format to request. Either "json" or "xml"
language	The language to use for the text used in the response
...	saved for future use
detail	The detail of the data to return. Either "full", "allstubs", "referencestubs", "all-completestubs", "referencecompletestubs", "referencepartial"
references	The references to return. Either "none", "parents", "parentsandsiblings", "children", "descendants", "all"

Value

a modified `httr2::request()` object

SDMXEndpoint

Base class for SDMX endpoints

Description

Create a:

- a known endpoint from endpoints use `get_endpoint()`.
- unlisted SDMX 2.1 REST endpoint use `sdmx_endpoint()`.
- a new SDMX endpoint use `SDMXEndpoint$new()`.

Base class for SDMX endpoints

Public fields

req `httr2::request()` object, can be adjusted to add headers or proxy settings

version character, the SDMX version of the endpoint

id character, the id of the endpoint

name character, the name of the endpoint

url character, the url of the endpoint

verbose logical, if TRUE print information the connection

cache_dir character, the directory to cache the metadata in

language character, the language to use for the text used in the response

Methods

Public methods:

- [SDMXEndpoint\\$new\(\)](#)
- [SDMXEndpoint\\$clone\(\)](#)

Method [new\(\)](#): create a new SDMXEndpoint object, see also [sdmx_endpoint\(\)](#)

Usage:

```
SDMXEndpoint$new(  
  url,  
  id = gsub("\\W+", "_", url),  
  name = url,  
  language = NULL,  
  cache_dir = file.path(tempdir(), "sdmxdata", id),  
  verbose = getOption("sdmxdata.verbose", FALSE)  
)
```

Arguments:

`url` character, the url of the endpoint

`id` character, the id of the endpoint

`name` character, the name of the endpoint

`language` character, the language to use for the text used in the response

`cache_dir` character, the directory to cache the metadata in

`verbose` logical, if TRUE print information on the connection

Method [clone\(\)](#): The objects of this class are cloneable with this method.

Usage:

```
SDMXEndpoint$clone(deep = FALSE)
```

Arguments:

`deep` Whether to make a deep clone.

See Also

Other SDMX endpoints: [get_endpoint\(\)](#), [sdmx_endpoint\(\)](#)

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